

# **ALBIN PUMP AD**

# AIR OPERATED FLOATING DIAPHRAGM PUMPS INSTRUCTION MANUAL





# DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

(Directive 98/37/EG, Annex IIA)

Manufacturer ALBIN PUMP Z.I. du Meyrol 6, Avenue du Meyrol F-26200 MONTELIMAR FRANCE Tel +33 (0) 4 75 90 92 92 / Fax +33 (0) 4 75 90 92 40

We declare under our sole responsibility that the product :

ALBIN AD Air Operated Diaphragm Pumps Type: AD15, AD30, AD60, AD120

are in conformity with COUNCIL DIRECTIVE on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to Machinery 98/37/EG.

## **Declaration of incorporation**

(Directive 98/37/EG, Annex IIB)

AD, Air Operated Diaphragm Pumps, must not be put into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Directive.

Montboucher sur Jabron, 02.05.2006

Christian Söderholm Managing director

alun Solah

AD albin

## INDEX

1 / INTRODUCTION 1.1 - General 1.2 - Reception and storage 1.2.1 - Reception 1.2.2 - Storage 1.3 - Safety 1.4 - Operating principle 1.4.1 - Operating principle for the AD pump 1.5 - Model specification 1.6 - Standard parts	5 5 5 6 8 8 9 9 9
2 / TECHNICAL INFORMATION	10
2.1 - Technical data	10
2.2 - Material specification	10
2.3 - Temperature limitations	12
2.4 - Sound level ratings	12
2.5 - Dry running	12
2.6 - Rest volumes	12
3 / PUMP PERFORMANCE CURVES	13
3.1 - Nominal capacity AD range	13
3.2 - How to use the performance curves	14
3.2.1 Reduction for viscosity - AD15 - AD120	15
3.2.2 Reduction for suction lift - AD15 - AD120	15
3.3 - AD15	16
3.4 - AD30	17
3.4 - AD60	18
3.5 - AD120	19
4 / INSTALLATION	20
4.1 System design and installation	21
4.2 Suggested pump installation	22
4.3 Venting exhaust air	22
4.4 Before starting the pump	23
4.5 How to start, operate and stop the pump	23
4.6 Routine maintenance	23
5 / DIRECTIONS FOR DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY 5.1 Disassembly 5.1.1 Diaphragms 5.1.2 Check valves, shaft, spring and shaft bushing 5.1.3 Covers and air distribution mechanism 5.1.4 Air motor and manifolds 5.2 Resassembly 5.2.1 Air motor and manifolds 5.2.2 Covers and air distribution mechanism 5.2.3 Shaft, shaft bushing, shaft spring and check valves 5.2.4 Air motor and manifolds 5.2.5 Air motor	24 24 25 25 26 26 27 27 27 28 28
6 / DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS	29
7 / EXPLOADED VIEWS AND PART LISTS	30
7.1 Pump	31
7.2 Air motor spare parts	32
7.3 Spare part kits	33

35

# 1/INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 - GENERAL

The air operated diaphragm pump series AD is manufactured by ALBIN PUMP and is marketed and sold by a net of authorised distributors.

This instruction manual contains important information on the AD range and must be read carefully before installation, service and maintenance. The manual must bekept easily accessible to the operator.

#### M IMPORTANT !

The pump must not be used for other purposes than recommended and quoted for without consulting the ALBIN PUMP distributor.

Liquids not suitable for the pump can cause damages to the pump unit and imply risk of serious personal injury.

#### **1.2 - RECEPTION AND STORAGE**

#### 1.2.1 - Reception

Remove all packing materials immediately after reception. Check the consignment for damage at once and make sure that the name plate/type designation is in accordance with the packing slip and your order.

In case of damage and/or missing parts a report should be drawn up and presented to the carrier instantly. Notify your ALBIN PUMP distributor.

All pumps have the type specification (Type) printed on the name plate which is located on the pump housing above the inlet port. This specification should always be quoted in all correspondence with your distributor.

#### The model specification (Type) describes the pump materials and options - see section 1.5

The manufacturing date (Mfg. date), e.g. 090128 states year, month and day of manufacturing.

The serial number (Mfg. No.) is a consecutive number registered at Albin Pump.

The arrow on the name plate shows the flow direction.



#### 1.2.2 - Storage

If the pump is not installed immediately it is recommended to store it in a dry, clean and cool location.

The pump is tested with compressed air in a completely dry condition so there is no liquid left in the pump.

### 1.3 - SAFETY

#### ▲ IMPORTANT !

The pump must not be used for other purposes than recommended and quoted for without consulting your ALBIN PUMP distributor.

Liquids not suitable for the pump can cause damages to the pump unit and imply risk of serious personal injury. Always consult your ALBIN PUMP distributor if you are not sure of the compatibility of fluids with the pump materials including the elastomers.

HAZARD WARNING - POSSIBLE EXPLOSION HAZARD can result if 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane, Methylene Chloride or other Halogenated Hydrocarbon Solvents are used in pressurized fluid systems having Aluminium wetted parts. Death, serious bodily injury and/or property damage could result.

The pump must always be installed and used in accordance with existing local and national sanitary and safety regulations and laws.

The pump can create fluid pressures equal to the air supply pressure. Do not exceed the maximum permissible air supply pressure of 7 bar. The total hydraulic pressure (system pressure + differential pressure) must never exceed 7 bar.

Do not exceed the recommended operating temperatures of the pump. The maximum temperature limitations are based on mechanical stress only and various liquids/chemicals may reduce the maximum safe operating temperatures of the pumps.

Diaphragms : PTFE can operate continuously between -30°C and +85°C.

Pump housing : PP (polypropylene) can be used in the interval  $\pm 0^{\circ}$ C and  $+85^{\circ}$ C. Aluminium can be used in the same interval as the diaphragms.

Inside the pump two diaphragms are separating the pumped liquid from the air supply. When a diaphragm ruptures fluid may be expelled through the air exhaust port. If dangerous liquids are handled always connect the air exhaust port with a suitable container in a safe location. When the product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction), the exhaust should be piped to a higher level than the product to prevent spills caused by siphoning.

Never operate a pump that is leaking, damaged, corroded or otherwise unable to contain the internal fluid or air pressure.

Never exceed the recommended service and inspection intervals for the diaphragms and air motor parts.

Never put your face or body near the pump air exhaust while the pump is operating. Always shut off the air supply and disconnect it from the pump before making repairs to the pump. Be sure to relief all pressure from the discharge and suction pipes/hoses prior to disconnecting the pump from the system.

Static electricity can be created when the pump is operating. Always use conductive polypropylene pumps in hazardous environments or for flammable fluids. Pumps must be properly grounded. Strictly follow the local safety regulations for hazardous environments.



#### IMPORTANT !

The pump must not be used for other purposes than recommended and quoted for without consulting your AILBIN PUMP distributor.

Never use, under no circumstances, the pumps for pumping non-conductive flammable or explosive fluids.

The AD pumps do not exceed a noise level rating of 80 dB(A) but still it is advised always to wear ear protection when you are working or standing close to an operating AODD pump. Noise can be substantially reduced by leading the exhaust air away through a hose connected to the air exhaust port.

Always wear suitable safety clothing when handling the pump.

Install shut-off valves on both side of the pump to be able to shut off the in- and outlet before service and maintenance. Check to see that the pump can be drained without injuring anyone and without damaging the environment or nearby equipment.

Always install a separate shut-off valve for the air supply easily accessible for manoeuvring.

Pressure variations may cause vibrations in the piping systems. Connect the pump to the pipes via flexible coupling/hoses. Ensure that the pipes/fittings are securely bolted to the foundation.

Improper installation can cause fatal injuries.

If the pump handles liquids hazardous for person or environment, some sort of collector must be installed into which leakage can be led.

If the surface temperature of the system or parts of the system exceeds 60°C, these areas must be marked with warning text reading "Hot surface" to avoid burns.

Never use other compressed gases than air to operate the pump.

Before starting the pump always make sure that the discharge point of the piping system is clear and safe and that all persons have been warned to stand clear.

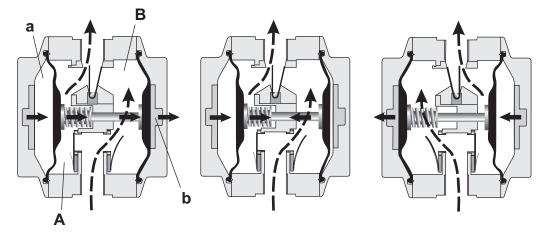
Always check the flow direction prior to start-up.

#### **1.4 - OPERATING PRINCIPLE**

The AODD pump is an air-powered, reciprocating positive displacement pump with two pumping chambers. Two diaphragms, centrally located in the chambers, separate the compressed air ("dry side") from the liquid being pumped ("wet side"). A shaft connects the two diaphragms to each other.

A valve (air motor) distributes the air from one chamber to the other alternately, thus a reciprocating movement of the diaphragms is created. At each stroke liquid is displaced by one of the diaphragms while the opposite diaphragm sucks new liquid into the expanding chamber. Check valves, two on the discharge side and two on the suction side, control and direct the liquid flow.

#### 1.4.1 - OPERATING PRINCIPLE FOR THE AD PUMP



Compressed air enters the air chamber (a) on the left side of the pump. The diaphragms are pushed to the right and liquid is displaced from chamber (A). Simultaneously pressure is reduced in chamber (B) and new liquid enters. Used air is pushed out from the right air chamber (b).

Note the short flow path through the centre of the pump and how the check valves are opening and closing.

In the AD pump the diaphragms are not fixed to the shaft. Thanks to this Flexible Diaphragm Suspension (FDS-invention) and the spring at the shaft end, the diaphragms can move a short distance independently of each other. At the end of each stroke both diaphragms are exposed to compressed air for a very short period. When the left diaphragm has come to the end position, the right one has already started to move back to the left and the spring is compressed. Thereafter the left diaphragm starts to move to the left and the spring expands.

The two diaphragms are overlapping each other and thus there is no complete dead end at the same moment - pulsation is reduced.

This operating principle requires an extremely short reversing time of the compressed air. The traditional sliding air valve could not be used and a new low friction air motor (FPV-invention - Frictionless Pivoting Valve) with a rocking motion was developed. The new air motor is nothing less than a patented sensation - extremely simple with very few parts and completely insensitive to the quality of the compressed air.

The cycle is completed and the two diaphragms are now moving back to the left.



#### **1.5 - MODEL SPECIFICATION**

#### Example: AD 0015 PX T

1. Family name

AD

- 2. Pump size
- 15, 30, 60, 120

#### 3. Pump housing material

AL	=	Aluminium
AX	=	Aluminium Atex (EX)
PP	=	Polypropylene
PX	=	Polypropylene Conductive Atex (EX)
SS	=	Stainless Steel 316L

#### 4. Diaphragm material

T = TEFLON (PTFE with EPDM carrier)

### 1.6 - STANDART PARTS

- 1. Pump housing
- 2. Lid
- 3. Diaphragm
- 4. Air motor
- 5. Shaft
- (6. Shaft spring) option
- 7. Shaft bushing
- 10. Air motor gasket external
   11. Muffler Standard

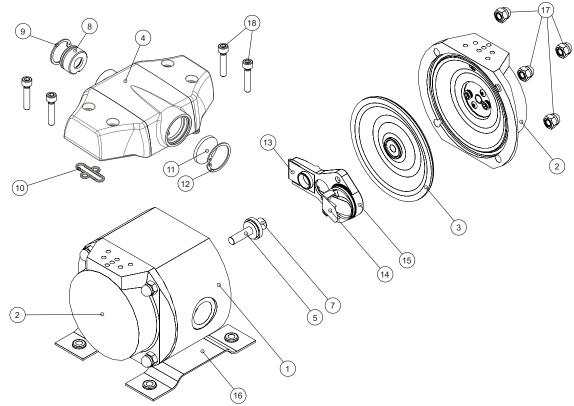
9. CEG lockring Inlet

8. Insert Inlet

- 12. CEG lockring Outlet
- 13. Chechvalve inlet

#### 14. Checkvalve Outlet

- 15. Checkvalve Retainer
- 16. Foot plate
- 17. Cap nuts
- 18. Hexagon screws



# 2/ TECHNICAL INFORMATION

## 2.1 - TECHNICAL DATA

Size	15	30	60	120
Port size	1/4"	3/8"	3/4"	1.1/4"
Nominal max capacity (I/min)	20	35	80	130
Max pump pressure (bar)	7	7	7	7
Max air pressure (bar)	7	7	7	7
Max suction lift dry (m)	3	3	5	5
Max suction lift wet (m)	8	8	8	8
Max size of solids (mm)	4	4	5	5
Weight, version PP/AI (kg)	2.5 / 3.7	2.5 / 3.7	3.6 / 4.9	6.9 / 9.8

### 2.2 - MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

Wetted parts	Material	AISI	DIN
Pump housing	PP (Polypropylene) or Aluminium	(AA6082) *	3.2315
Shaft bushing	PPS (Tedur) 40% glass		
Shaft	Stainless steel	316	1.4436
Spring	Stainless steel	316	1.4401
Check valve retainer 30 / 60	PPS (Tedur) 40% glass		
Check valve retainer 120	Stainless steel	316	1.4436
Check valve (in- and out)	PEEK		
O-ring	Teflon (PTFE)		
Screw	Stainless steel	316	1.4436
Nut	Stainless steel	316	1.4436
Diaphragm	Teflon (PTFE)		
Diaphragm plate	Stainless steel	316	1.4436

#### N.B : The comparison of standards is not 100% correct but is the closest possible from each standard.

\* AA is a standard published by the Aluminum Association. The standard follows the "Registration Record of International Alloy Designations".

### 2.1 - MATERIEL SPECIFICATION (CONT'D)

Size	Material	AISI	DIN	SS
Air outlet seal	NBR (nitrile)			
Diaphragm	EPDM			
Diaphragm plate	Stainless steel	316	1.4436	2343
Washer	PA polyamide			
Side cover	Aluminium	not known	not known	4253
Plunge	PA polyamide			
Ball seat	PA polyamide			
Ball	NBR (nitrile)			
Air motor housing	Aluminium	(AA6082)*	3.2315	4212
Cover	Aluminium	(AA6082)*	3.2315	4212
Air connection	Aluminium	(AA6082)*	3.2315	4212
Air manifold	Aluminium	(AA6082)*	3.2315	4212
Motor pivot	Stainless steel	303	1.4305	2346
Pivot air seals in- and outlet	NBR/ Stainless steel	304	1.4301	2332
Air gaskets	NBR (nitrile)			
Muffler	HDPE (polyethylene)			
Air O-rings	NBR (nitrile)			

N.B: The comparison of standards is not 100% correct but is the closest possible from each standard.

\* AA is a standard published by the Aluminum Association. The standard follows the "Registration Record of International Alloy Designations".

Externals	Material	AISI	DIN	SS
Foot plate	Stainless steel	304	1.4301	2333
Rubber foot	NBR (nitrile)			
Screw	Stainless steel	304	1.4301	2333
Stud bolt	Stainless steel	304	1.4301	2333
Cap nut	Stainless steel	304	1.4301	2333
Screw	Stainless steel	304	1.4301	2333

N.B : The comparison of standards is not 100% correct but is the closest possible from each standard.

#### 2.3 - TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS

Do not exceed the recommended operating temperatures of the pump. The maximum temperature limitations are based on mechanical stress only and various liquids/chemical may reduce the maximum safe operating temperatures of the pumps.

Diaphragms : PTFE can operate continuously between -30°C and +85°C.

**Pump housing :** PP (polypropylene) can be used in the interval  $\pm 0^{\circ}$ C and  $+85^{\circ}$ C. Aluminium can be used in the same interval as the diaphragms.

#### 2.4 - SOUND LEVEL RATINGS

The following values were measured from an AD60, pumping water at 7 bar air pressure and fully open inlet and discharge ports. The readings were made at a distance of 1 (one) metre on the same level as the pump :

- Front 79.5 dB(A)
- Left 75.5 dB(A)
- Right 74.9 dB(A)
- Behind 72.6 dB(A)

#### 2.5 - DRY RUNNING

The AD-pump can normally run dry without damaging the pump components. For extended periods of dry running, however, a certain wear of the shaft bushing will occur.

#### 2.6 - REST VOLUMES

If the pump runs until it has emptied the suction line the following rest volumes will remain in the pumps :

- AD15 45 ml
- AD30 45 ml
- AD60 90 ml
- AD120 200 ml

If the product discharge line is closed the following volumes will remain in the pump :

- AD15 90 ml
- AD30 90 ml
- AD60 180 ml
- AD120 400 ml

# 2/ PUMP PERFORMANCE CURVES

N.B : All curves are based on water discharge capacity at 20°C at 0 m suction head.

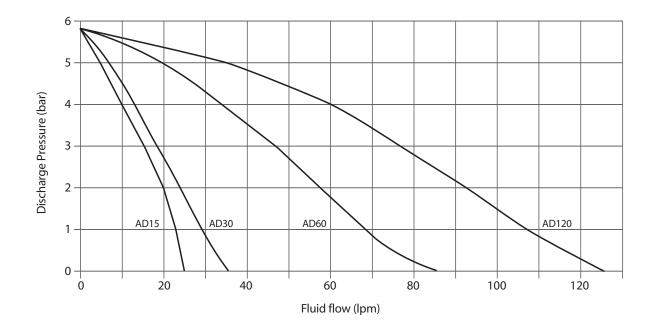
- To compensate for higher viscosity use the curve "3.2.1 Reduction for viscosity".

- To compensate for a negative suction head use the curve "3.2.2 Reduction for suction lift".

**Important !** To obtain a long diaphragm life and a high efficiency (low air consumption) always select a pump which has a max capacity which is as least 1,5 times higher than the desired flow rate.

Caution ! Do not exceed 7 bar air supply or liquid pump pressure.

#### 3.1 - NOMINAL CAPACITY AD RANGE

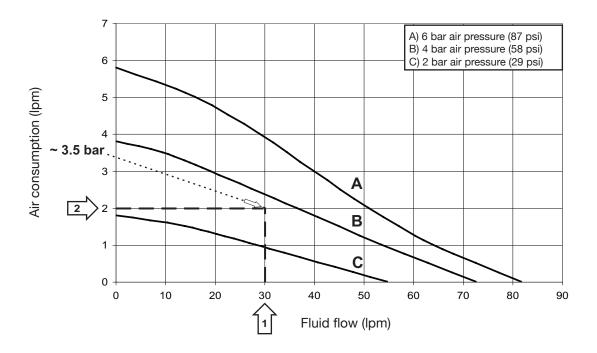


#### 3.2 - HOW TO USE THE PERFORMANCE CURVES

## Example: AD60 - 30 l/minute against a discharge pressure of 2.0 bar.

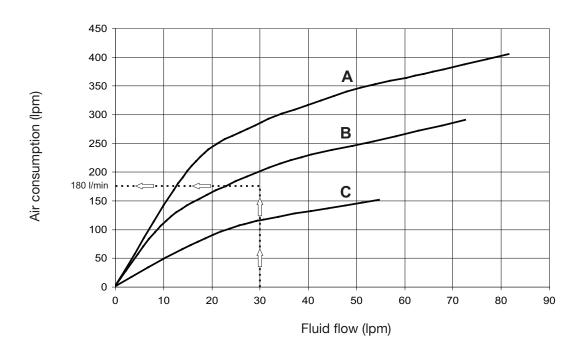
#### **Pump selection**

Find the required flow (30 l/min) along the horizontal axis. Go vertical to the intersection with 2 bar fluid outlet and read the air pressure required,  $\sim$  3,5 bar.



#### Air consumption

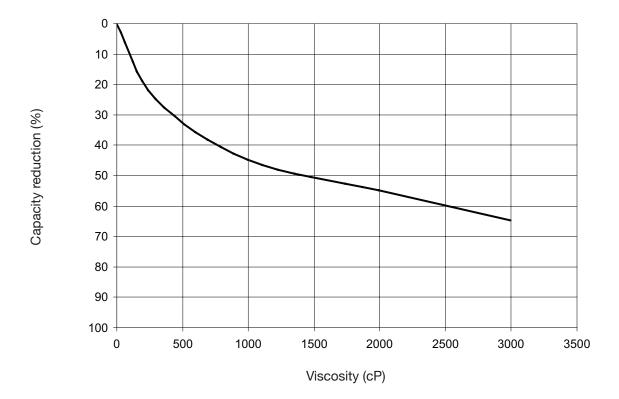
Again - find the required flow (30 l/min) along the horizontal axis. Go vertical to the intersection with the required air pressure (3,5 bar) and read the air consumption to the left. In the example,  $\sim$  180 l/min.





# AD

## 3.2.1 - REDUCTION FOR VISCOSITY AD15 - AD120



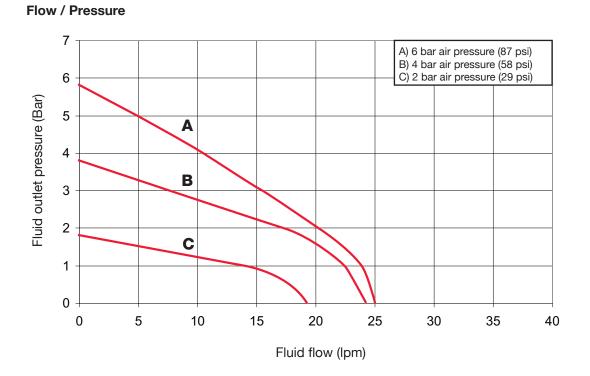
#### 3.2.2 - REDUCTION FOR SUCTION LIFT AD15 - AD120



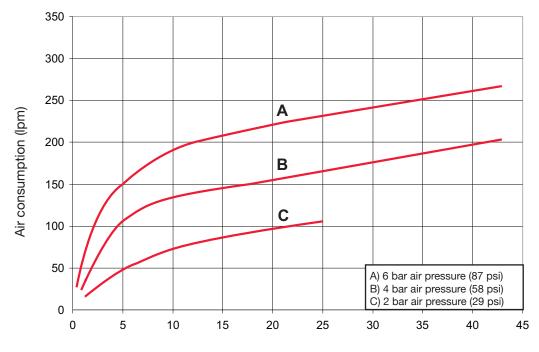
Suction lift (m)



3.3 - AD15



Flow & Air consumption

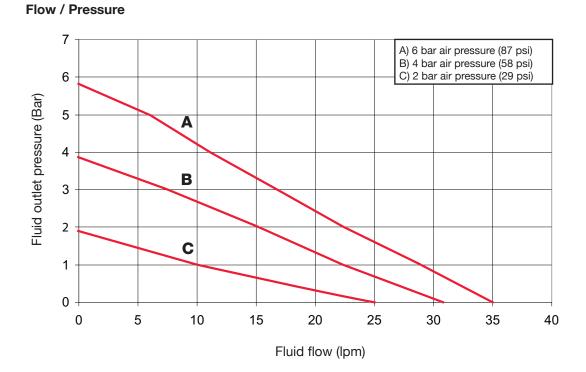


Fluid flow (Ipm)

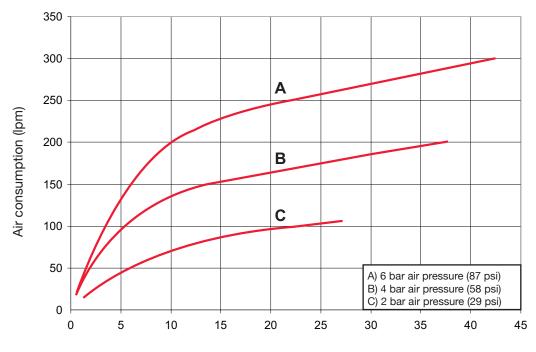




3.4 - AD30



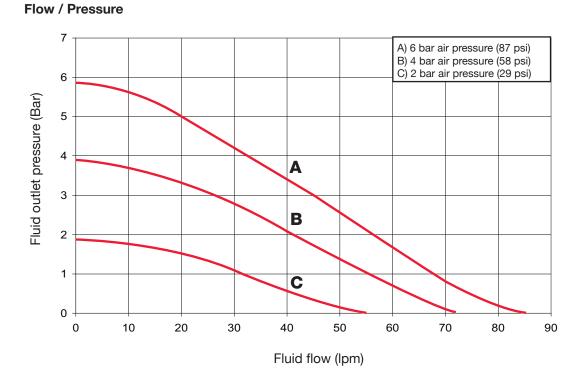
Flow & Air consumption



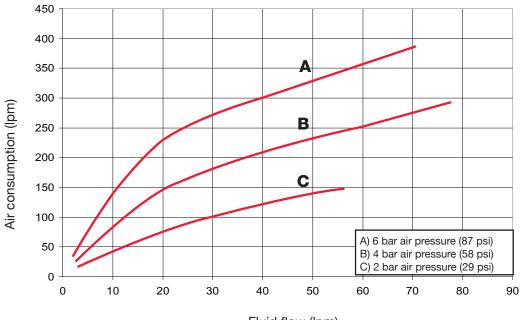
Fluid flow (lpm)



#### 3.5 - AD60



Flow & Air consumption

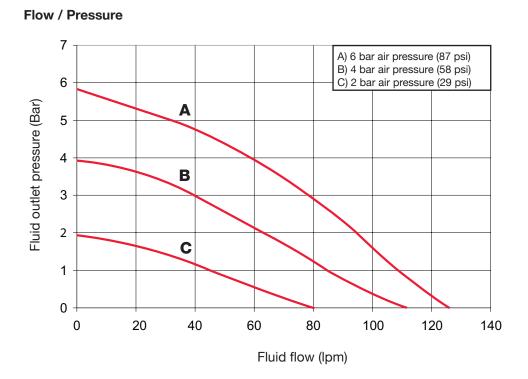


Fluid flow (lpm)

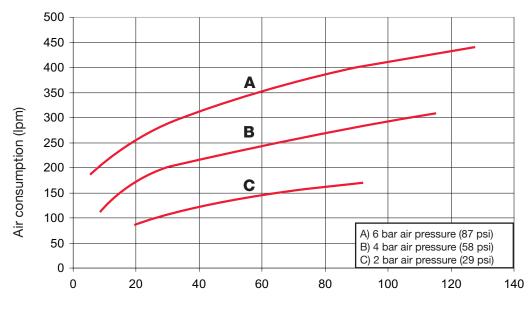




3.6 - AD120



Flow & Air consumption

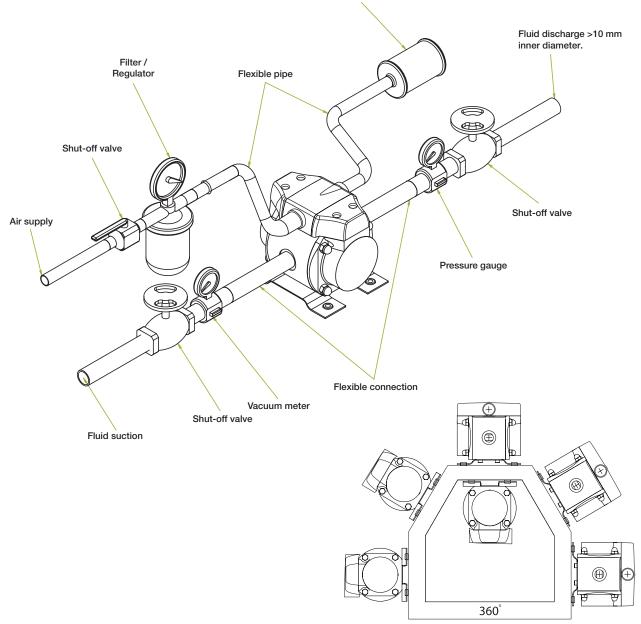


Fluid flow (Ipm)



# 4 / INSTALLATION

#### 4.1 - SYSTEM DESIGN AND INSTALLATION



Muffler

For the air connections, use an oversize air line of minimum 10 mm diameter.

When a pump is to be incorporated in a system, it is good practice to, as far as possible, minimise the length of the pipes/hoses and the number of fittings (tees, unions, bends, etc.) and restrictions.

When designing the suction lines, particular care should be taken. These should be as short and straight as possible, using a minimum of fittings to optimise a good product flow to the pump. Use a reinforced, non-collapsible hose of at least the same inner diameter as the suction port.

Always consider the following when designing a system : make sure that there is enough room provided around the pump to allow for routine service work, i.e. to dismantle the covers to inspect or change the diaphragms and check valves. The Liquid Flow comes with a stainless steel foot plate and rubber feet. For security reasons it is recommended to bolt the pump to a base.

Thanks to the flap valves the pump can be mounted upside-down, sideways or on any of its 360-degree axis (see illustration).



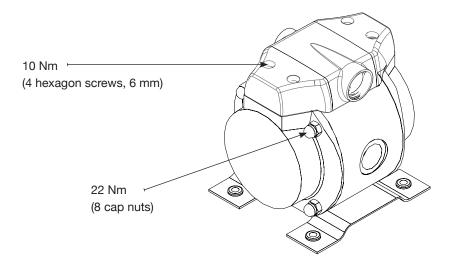
The AD pump should be attached to the plant piping using a flexible hose/coupling on both the intake and discharge ports of the pump. The pump must not be used to support the pipelines.

All pipe work to and from the pump must be independently supported otherwise there is a risk of distortion of the pump components. The suction pipe or hose should be at least the diameter of the pump's inlet port or larger if a highly viscous product is being pumped. The suction hose must be of a reinforced, non-collapsible type.

By fitting an over-dimensioned (2 times the diameter of the pump discharge) flexible hose to the discharge, vibrations and/or pulsation are reduced to a minimum in the system.

The hose should be 2 - 2.5 m long and can be arranged in a loop. The discharge piping should also be at least the same diameter as the pump port. By increasing the diameter of the piping the friction losses decrease.

Before using the pump for the first time, all external screws and nuts should be checked to match the given torque specifications – see picture. It is advised to check the fasteners after one day of operation and thereafter every two - three months.



It is recommended to use a compatible, liquid sealant on all male threads. Be sure to tighten all connections firmly to avoid air or fluid leakage.

The AD can only pump in one direction and the fluid inlet is below the name plate.

The arrow on the name plate shows the flow direction. The air and liquid flow is in the same direction.

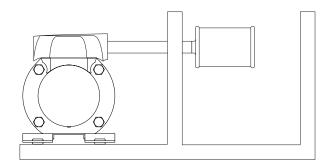
Thanks to the ingenious design of the air motor (FPV - Frictionless Pivoting Valve) any type of air can be used - dry or oily, clean or dirty. Still it is recommended to install a filter/regulator combination.



#### 4.2 - SUGGESTED PUMP INSTALLATION



#### 4.3 - VENTING EXHAUST AIR



The air exhaust should be piped to an isolated container for safe disposal of the product being pumped, in the event of a diaphragm failure. This also reduces the pump noise. As shown in the illustration a larger muffler can be fitted to further reduce noise.

#### 4.4 - BEFORE STARTING THE PUMP

Ensure that the suction pipes/hoses are free from debris. It is advised to run the pump with a compatible fluid (e.g. water) prior to production start-up to ensure the system is correctly installed and there is no leakage.

\* Use fixed shaft at flooded installations



#### 4.5 - HOW TO START, OPERATE AND STOP THE PUMP

Open the fluid discharge and suction valves. Gradually increase the air pressure with the pressure regulator until the pump starts to cycle and the suction and discharge lines are filled.

Now, by adjusting the regulator, the stroking speed can be controlled, until the required flow is obtained. Adjusting of the shut-off valve in the discharge line will also effect the flow.

There are many ways to stop the pump :

1 - Close the fluid discharge shut-off valve. The pressure built up in the discharge line will not exceed the air inlet pressure. Pump will cycle slowly but no additional liquid is entering the pump. Pump will restart as soon as the valve is opened again.

2 - Close the air supply shut-off valve.

3 - Reduce the air pressure with the pressure regulator so air supply pressure is less than the fluid discharge pressure.

#### 4.6 - ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

make up a preventative maintenance schedule.

Ensure that the suction pipes/hoses are free from debris. It is advised to run the pump with a compatible fluid (e.g. water) prior to production start-up to ensure the system is correctly installed and there is no leak-age.

Regular inspections are the best means for preventing unscheduled pump down time. Each pump application has a unique service requirement. To predict and prevent future maintenance problems it is advised to check the pump after a few weeks running time. After this inspection it is possible to

Size	Action
Diaphragms	Replace if cracks occur in the carrier rubber and/or PTFE layer. In- spection is recommended at every 15 million cycles - repeatably. Dependant of application
Muffler	Replace if clogged with impurities.
Shaft bushing	Replace if worn.
Screws/nuts	Check they are correctly tightened – see section 4.1.



## 5 / Directions for disassembly and reassembly

**Warning !** Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, shut off the compressed air line and disconnect it from the pump. Allow all air pressure to bleed from pump. Close the suction and discharge shut-off valves before disconnecting the pump. Drain pump carefully prior to disassembly.

#### 5.2 - DISASSEMBLY

The only tools required to completely disassemble the AD pump, are :

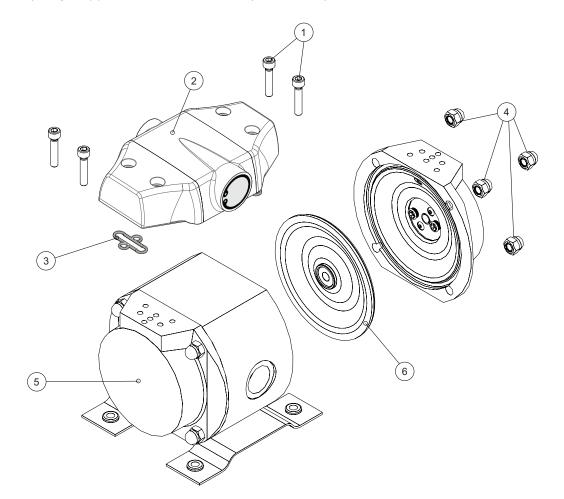
- 2 pieces 13 mm combination spanners.
- 2 different hexagon (allen) keys, 2.5 and 5 mm.

It is also advised to use a small screwdriver to lift O-rings and rubber packings. For the reassembly a torque wrench, adjustable up to 25 Nm, is also required.

#### 5.1.1 - DIAPHRAGMS

1) Remove the 4 hexagon screws (1) and lift off the complete air motor (2) with the external air motor gaskets (3).

2) Remove the 4 cap nuts (4) on one side of the pump and separate the covers (5) from the pump housing. Now the diaphragms (6) are loose and can be inspected or replaced.



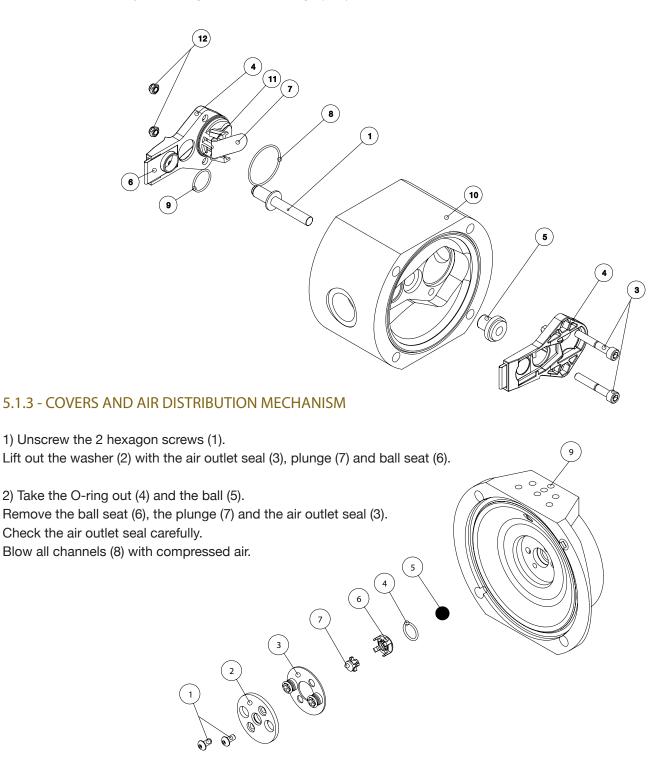


#### 5.1.2 - CHECK VALVES, SPRING AND SHAFT BUSHING

1) Remove the shaft (1) and unscrew the 2 hexagon screws (3) holding the check valve retainers (4) and the shaft bushing (5).

2) Remove the retainers. If they are jammed use the shaft bushing (5) to push out on retainer. Turn the pump housing and push the second retainer out.

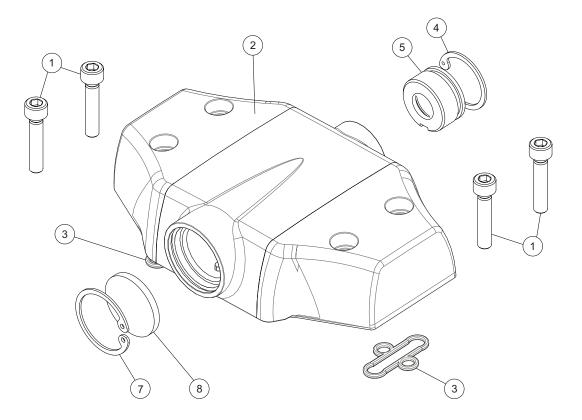
3) Check the bushing (5) and replace if worn. Replace the check valves (6, 7) if they are worn or distorted. It is recommended always to change the PTFE O-rings (8, 9) once the retainers have been removed.





#### 5.1.4 - AIR MOTOR

- 1) Unscrew the 4 hexagon screws (1) and remove the airmotor (2).
- 2) Remove the two airmotor gaskets (3).
- 3) Remove the CEG lockring (4) and remove the inlet insert (5).
- 4) Remove the CEG lockring (7) and remove the muffler (8).



#### 5.2 - REASSEMBLY

#### 5.2.1 - AIR MOTOR AND MANIFOLDS

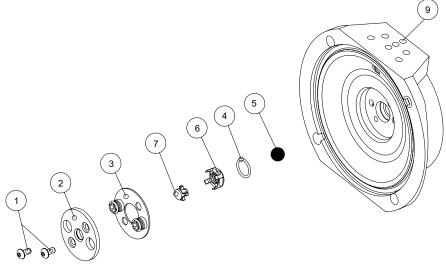
- 1) Fit the muffler (8) and the CEG lockring outlet (7).
- 2) Fit the inlet insert (5) and the CEG lockring inlet (4)
- 3) Fit the two airmotor gaskets firmly (3).
- 4) Tighten the 4 hexagon screws (1)



#### 5.2.2 - COVERS AND AIR DISTRIBUTION MECHANISM

1) Fit the O-ring (4). Put the ball (5) in place. Fit the air outlet seal (3) to the washer (2). Fit the plunge (7) and the ball seat (6).

2) Fit the mechanism to the seat in the cover. Check that the mechanism is tight by introducing compressed air in the outer hole (9). Push the air check valve open a few times to ensure it operates properly.

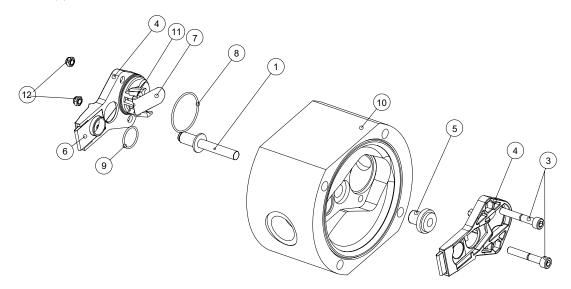


#### 5.2.3 - SHAFT, SHAFT BUSHING, SHAFT SPRING AND CHECK VALVES

1) Push the shaft bushing (5) in place. Fit two new PTFE O-rings (8 and 9) in the pump housing (10). Fit the inlet check valve (6) on one of the retainers (4). Push the retainer firmly in place so it snap locks into the seat.

2) Turn the pump housing (10). Fit the inlet check valve (6) on the other retainer. Place the outlet check valve (7) in its seat and mount the valve support (11). Push the second retainer (4) in place.

3) Check the outlet check valve through the pump outlet. Screw the two retainers with the hexagon screws (3) and the self-locking nuts (12). Tighten the screws until the retainers are firmly seated. Fit the spring (2) and the shaft (1).

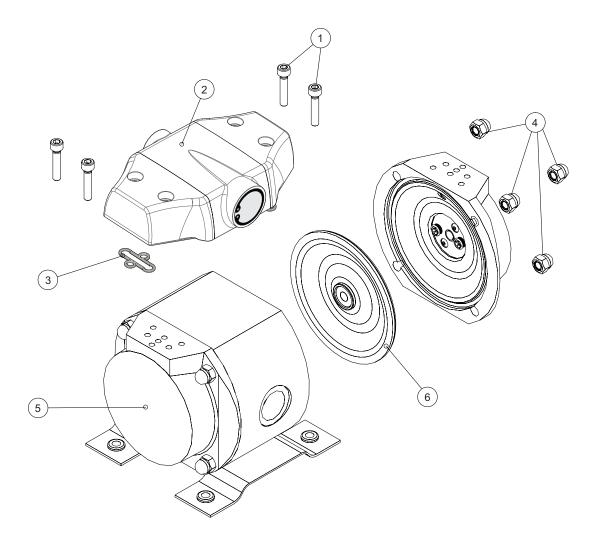




#### 5.2.4 - DIAPHRAGMS

1) Put the diaphragms (6) in the lids (5). The diaphragms are guided by the stud bolts so there is no risk they come off place.

2) Tighten the cap nuts (4) with 22 Nm.



#### 5.2.5 - AIR MOTOR

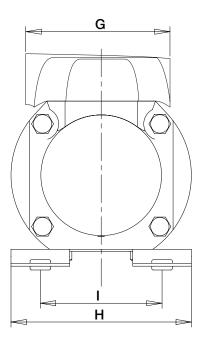
1) Fit the complete air motor (2) with air motor gaskets (3) on top of the pump housing. Tighten the screws (1) with 10 Nm.

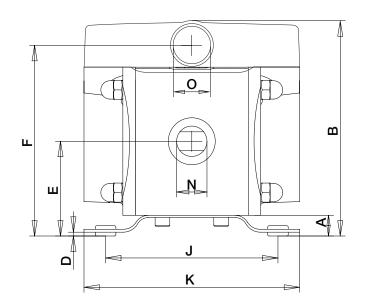


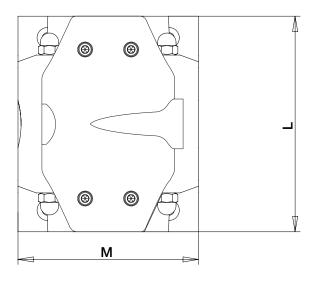


## 6.0 - DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

Pump type	Α	в	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	М	N	ο	Weight kg PP / AL
AD15	14	145	2.5	64.5	130	97,6	141	101	118	147	147	123	1/4"	3/8"	2.5 / 3.7
AD30	14	145	2.5	64.5	130	97,6	141	101	118	147	147	123	3/8"	3/8"	2.5 / 3.7
AD60	14	164	2.5	74	149	97,6	141	101	118	147	147	141	3/4"	3/8"	3.6 / 4.9
AD120	14	210	2.5	97	195	97,6	184	134	148.5	178	170	184	1.1/4"	3/8"	6.9 / 9.8



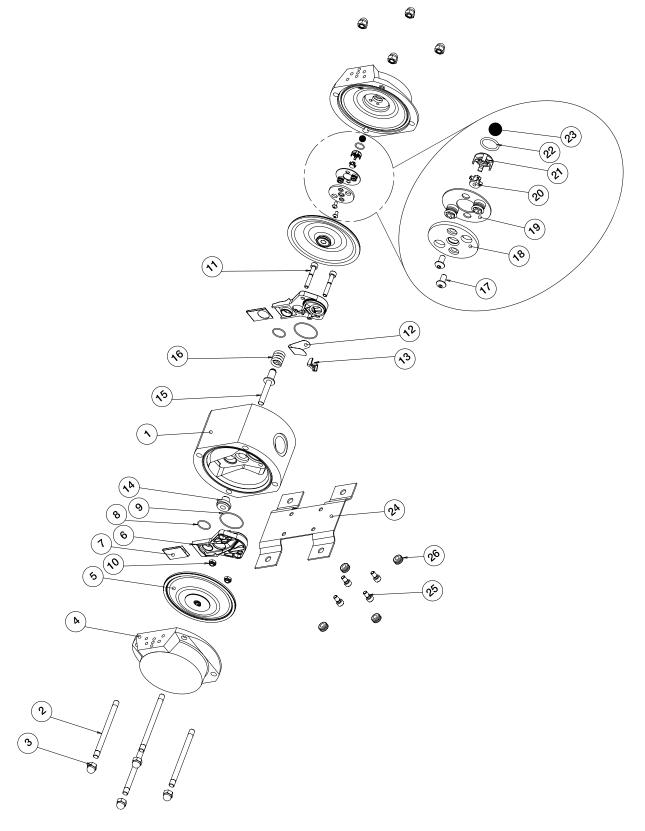






## 7.0 - EXPLODED VIEWS AND PART LISTS

## 7.1 - PUMP



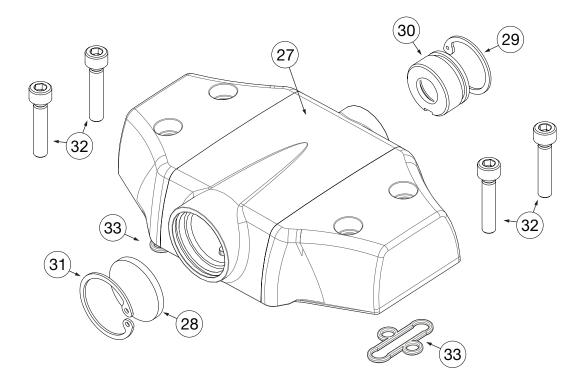
# AD

#### (Pump part list - see section 7.1)

Pos	Description	Version	AD15 / 30 AD60 AD120
1	Pump housing, PP	PP, PX	incl. in Pump housing PP and PX kit
	Pump housing, Al	AL, AX	incl. in Pump housing AI and AX kit
2	Stud bolt	all	incl. in Pump housing PP/Al kits and Stud bolt kit
3	Cap nut	all	incl. in Pump housing PP/Al kits and Stud bolt kit
4	Lid	all	incl. in Cover kit
5	Diaphragm, PTFE	Т	incl. in Diaphragm kit
6	Checkvalve retainer	all	incl. in Check valve kit with retainer
7	Checkvalve, inlet	all	incl. in Check valve kit and Check valve kit with retainer
8	PTFE, O-ring-seal	all	incl. in Check valve kit and Check valve kit with retainer
9	PTFE, O-ring-seal	all	incl. in Check valve kit and Check valve kit with retainer
10	Locknut	all	incl. in Check valve kit with retainer
11	Hexagon screw	all	incl. in Check valve kit with retainer
12	Checkvalve, outlet	all	incl. in Check valve kit and Check valve kit with retainer
13	Opening limiter	all	incl. in Check valve kit and Check valve kit with retainer
14	Shaft bushing	all	incl. in Check valve kit, Check valve kit with retainer
15	Shaft	all	incl. in Shaft kit
16	Shaft Spring	all	incl. in Shaft kit - option
17	Hexagon screw	all	incl. in Air distribution kit
18	Air outlet Washer	all	incl. in Air distribution kit
19	Air outlet seal	all	incl. in Air distribution kit
20	Air outlet Plunge	all	incl. in Air distribution kit
21	Air outlet Ball seat	all	incl. in Air distribution kit
22	O-ring	all	incl. in Air distribution kit
23	Air outlet Ball	all	incl. in Air distribution kit
24	Foot plate	all	incl. in Foot plate kit
25	Screw, Al housing	AL, AX	incl. in Foot plate kit AL
	Screw, PP housing	PP, PX	incl. in Foot plate kit PP
26	Rubber fot	all	incl. in Foot plate kit



## 7.2 - AIR MOTOR SPARE PARTS (Kits see section 7.3)



Pos	Description	Version	AD15 / 30 AD60 AD120
27	Air motor	all	Incl. in Air motor kit and Air connection kit
28	Muffler standard	all	Incl. in Air motor kit and Muffler standard kit
29	CEG lockring inlet	all	Incl. in Air motor kit and Air connection kit
30	Insert Inlet	all	Incl. in Air motor kit and Air connection kit
31	CEG lockring outlet	all	Incl. in Air motor kit and Muffler standard kit
32	Hexagon screw	all	Incl. in Air motor kit
33	Airmotor gasket external	all	Incl. in Air motor kit and Airmotor gasket kit



#### 7.3 - SPARE PARTS KITS (Drawing see section 7.1)

#### Air Connection Kit 15-120

	K101	-001
Pos	Description	Qty
29	CEG lockring Inlet	1
30	Insert Inlet	1

#### Air Distribution Kit 15-120 K101-010 Pos Description Qty 20 Air outlet Plunge 1 18 Air outlet Washer 1 1 19 Air outlet Seal 23 Air outlet Ball D10 1 1 21 Air outlet Ball seat 17 Screw M4x8 2 22 O-ring 12x1,5 NBR 1

#### Airmotor Gasket Kit 15-120

	K101	-020
Pos	Description	Qty
33	Airmotor Gasket External	2

K102-003

Qty

2

1

2

1

#### Checkvalve Kit 15.30

	K102	-001
Pos	Description	Qty
7	Checkvalve Inlet 15.30	2
12	Checkvalve Outlet 15.30	1
9	O-ring Teflon [18]	2
8	O-ring Teflon [19]	2
13	Opening limiter 15.30	1
14	Shaft Bushing 15.30	1

#### Checkvalve Kit with retainer 15.30

K102-		-100	
Pos	Description	Qty	
7	Checkvalve Inlet 15.30	2	
12	Checkvalve Outlet 15.30	1	
9	O-ring Teflon [18]	2	
8	O-ring Teflon [19]	2	
13	Opening limiter 15.30	1	
14	Shaft Bushing 15.30	1	
6	Checkvalve Retainer 15.30	2	
11	Screw M6x45	2	
10	Lock nut M6 DIN 980	2	

#### Airmotor Kit 15.60

	K103-	
Pos	Description	Qty
27	Air Motor 15, 30, 60	1
28	Muffler Standard	1
29	CEG lockring Inlet	1
30	Insert Inlet	1
31	CEG lockring Outlet	1
32	Screw M6x30 A2	4
33	Airmotor Gasket External	2

#### Lid Kit 15.30

	K104	-001
Pos	Description	Qty
4	Lid 15.30	1

#### Diaphragm Kit 15.30

	K105	-001
Pos	Description	Qty
5	Diaphragm 15.30 TEFLON	2

Checkvalve Kit 60			
	K10		
Pos	Description	Qty	
7	Checkvalve Inlet 60	2	
12	Checkvalve Outlet 60	1	
9	O-ring Teflon [18]	2	
8	O-ring Teflon [19]	2	
13	Opening limiter 60	1	
14	Shaft Bushing 60	1	

#### Checkvalve Kit with retainer 60

K102-		-101	
Pos	Description	Qty	
7	Checkvalve Inlet 60	2	
12	Checkvalve Outlet 60	1	
9	O-ring Teflon [18]	2	
8	O-ring Teflon [19]	2	
13	Opening limiter 60	1	
14	Shaft Bushing 60	1	
6	Checkvalve Retainer 60	2	
11	Screw M6x40 DIN912	2	
10	Lock nut M6 DIN 980	2	
10	LOCK NUT MIG DIN 980	2	

# 8 O-ring Teflon [19]13 Opening limiter 12014 Shaft Bushing 120

Checkvalve Inlet 120

12 Checkvalve Outlet 120

O-ring Teflon [18]

Checkvalve Kit 120

Pos Description

7

9

#### Checkvalve Kit with retainer 120

	K102	-102	
Pos	Description	Qty	
7	Checkvalve Inlet 120	2	
12	Checkvalve Outlet 120	1	
9	O-ring Teflon [18]	2	
8	O-ring Teflon [19]	2	
13	Opening limiter 120	1	
14	Shaft Bushing 120	1	
6	Checkvalve Retainer 120	2	
11	Screw M6x50 DIN912	2	
10	Lock nut M6 DIN 980	2	

#### Airmotor Kit 120

K103-0		-002
Pos	Description	Qty
27	Air Motor 120	1
28	Muffler Standard	1
29	CEG lockring Inlet	1
30	Insert Inlet	1
31	CEG lockring Outlet	1
32	Screw M6x30 A2	4
33	Airmotor Gasket External	2

Lid Kit 60				
K104-002				
Pos	Description	Qty		
4	Lid 60	1		

#### Diaphragm Kit 60

	K105	-002
Pos	Description	Qty
5	Diaphragm 60 TEFLON	2

#### Lid Kit 120

	K104	-003
Pos	Description	Qty
4	Lid 120	1

#### Diaphragm Kit 120

	K105	-003
Pos	Description	Qty
5	Diaphragm 120 TEFLON	2



## (Drawing see section 7.1)

Foot	plate Kit AL 15-	60	Foot	plate Kit AL 12	00	Foot	plate Kit PP 15	-60	Foot	plate Kit PP 12	0
		K106-001			K106-002			K106-010			K106-011
Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty
24	Foot plate	1	24	Foot plate	1	24	Foot plate	1	24	Foot plate	1
26	Rubber foot	4	26	Rubber foot	4	26	Rubber foot	4	26	Rubber foot	4
25	Screw	4	25	Screw	4	25	Screw	4	25	Screw	4

#### Shaft Kit 15.30

	K107	-001
Pos	Description	Qty
14	Shaft Bushing 15.30	1
15	Shaft 15.30	1
16	Shaft Spring 15.30	1

Shaft	Kit 60	
	K107	-002
Pos	Description	Qty
14	Shaft Bushing 60	1
15	Shaft 60	1
16	Shaft Spring 60	1

Shaft Kit 120							
	K107	-003					
Pos	Description	Qty					
14	Shaft Bushing 15.30	1					
15	Shaft 120	1					
16	Shaft Spring 120	1					

Stud	polt Kit 15-60	
	K108	-001
Pos	Description	Qty
2	Stud Bolt	4
3	Cap Nuts	8

Stud	oolt Kit 120	
	K108	-002
Pos	Description	Qty
2	Stud Bolt	4
3	Cap Nuts	8

Pump	phousing AL kit 15		Pum	phousing AL kit 30		Pum	phousing AL kit 60		Pum	phousing AL kit 120	
	K109	-001		K109	-002		K109	-003		K109	-004
Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty
1	Pump housing AL 15	1	1	Pumphousing AL 30	1	1	Pumphousing AL 60	1	1	Pumphousing AL 120	1

Pump	phousing AX kit 15		Pump	phousing AX kit 30		Pum	phousing AX kit 60		Pum	phousing AX kit 120	
	K109	-100		K109	-101		K109	-102		K109	-103
Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty
1	Pumphousing AX 15	1	1	Pumphousing AX 30	1	1	Pumphousing AX 60	1	1	Pumphousing AX 120	1

Pump	ohousing PP kit 15	-200	Pum	ohousing PP kit 30	-201	Pum	ohousing PP kit 60	-202	Pum	phousing PP kit 120	-203
Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty
1	Pumphousing PP 15	1	1	Pumphousing PP 30	1	1	Pumphousing PP 60	1	1	Pumphousing PP	1

Pump	phousing PX kit 15		Pump	phousing PX kit 30		Pum	phousing PX kit 60		Pum	phousing PX kit 120	
	K109	-300		K109	-301		K109	-302		K109	-303
Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty	Pos	Description	Qty
1	Pumphousing PX 15	1	1	Pumphousing PX 30	1	1	Pumphousing PX 60	1	1	Pumphousing PX 120	1

Muffler Kit Standard										
K110-001										
Pos	Description	Qty								
31	CEG lockring Outlet	1								
28	Muffler Standard	1								

Muffler Kit External				
K110-002				
Pos	Description	Qty		
31	CEG lockring Outlet	1		
28	Insert Outlet	1		
n/a	Muffler Extended	1		
	<b>Pos</b> 31 28	Pos     Description       31     CEG lockring Outlet       28     Insert Outlet		

Muffler Kit External with Indicator				
	K110	-003		
Pos	Description	Qty		

	Pos	Description	Qty
	31	CEG lockring Outlet	1
	28	Insert Outlet	1
	n/a	Muffler Extended w indicator	1

### 8.0 - TROUBLE SHOOTING

#### For drawings and positions see chapter 7.0.

Pump will not run	<ul> <li>Check there is sufficient air pressure.</li> <li>Check that the emergency stop valve is open.</li> <li>Check inlet air filter and muffler for debris.</li> <li>Check that the suction- and discharge lines are open.</li> <li>Remove the muffler/air outlet hose and check that the air motor pivot moves freely.</li> <li>Open the pump and check the diaphragms, air outlet seals (pos 19) and air check valves (pos 20-23).</li> <li>Check that the shaft (15) moves freely.</li> <li>Check the pivoting valves bearing – seal may be worn out.</li> </ul>
Pump does not prime	<ul> <li>Check that the suction and discharge lines are open.</li> <li>Check that all suction connections are air tight.</li> <li>Increase the stroking speed.</li> <li>Check that the cover nuts are tightened.</li> <li>Check the diaphragms (pos 5).</li> <li>Check that the inlet fluid check valves (pos 7 and 12) seal to the seats.</li> <li>Replace the shaft bushing (pos 14) if it is worn.</li> </ul>
Erratic pump action/ heavy pulsation	<ul> <li>Check the diaphragms (pos 5).</li> <li>Check that the air motor pivot (pos 31) moves freely and that the rubber seals (pos 31 and 34) are intact.</li> <li>Check the fluid check valves (pos 7 and 12).</li> <li>Check that the shaft spring (16) is undamaged.</li> <li>Check the air outlet seals (pos 19).</li> </ul>
Pump runs but flow is reduced	<ul> <li>Check that the suction and discharge lines are open.</li> <li>Check that all suction connections are air tight.</li> <li>Check for possible cavitation. Slow pump speed down to match the viscosity (thickness) of the fluid.</li> <li>Open the pump and check the diaphragms (pos 5) and the fluid check valves (pos 12 and 7).</li> <li>If the shaft bushing (pos 14) is worn the internal slip increases and flow decreases - change the bushing.</li> <li>Check that the air channels are free from debris.</li> </ul>
Fluid comes out of the air exhaust	Check for diaphragm rupture.
Air bubbles in the fluid	<ul><li>Check that all suction connections are air tight.</li><li>Check for diaphragm rupture.</li></ul>

GB

#### **ALBIN PUMP SAS**

Z.I. du Meyrol 6, Avenue du Meyrol F-26200 MONTELIMAR FRANCE Tel +33 (0) 4 75 90 92 92 / Fax +33 (0) 4 75 90 92 40 courrier@albinpump.fr www.albinpump.com

For more information about our worldwide locations, approvals, certifications, and local representatives, please visit www.albinpump.com. ALBIN PUMP reserves the right to incorporate our latest design and material changes without notice or obligation. Design features, materials of construction and dimensional data, as described in this bulletin, are provided for your information only and should not be relied upon unless confirmed in writing. Certified drawings are available upon request. © 2008 ALBIN PUMP